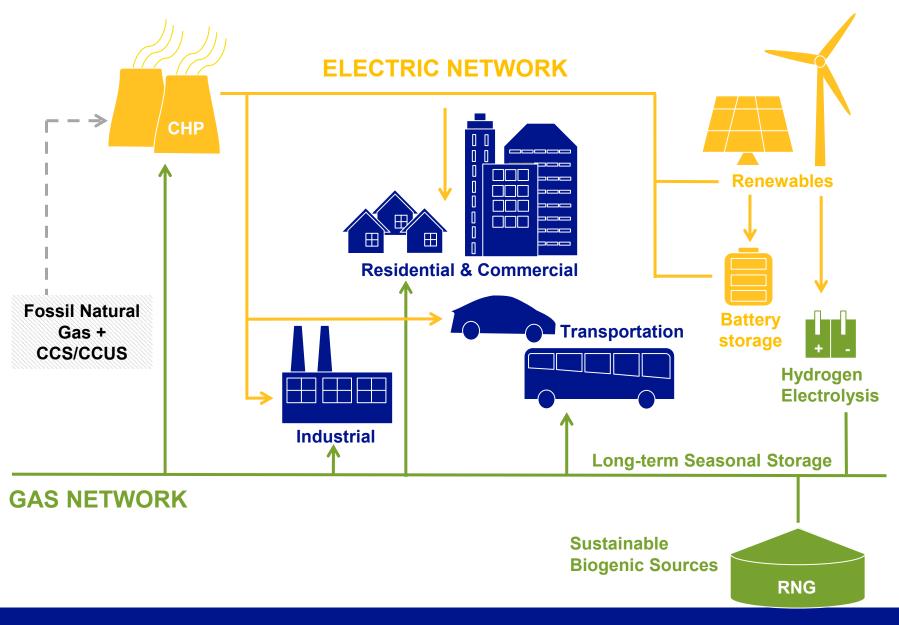
Renewable Gas 360 Webinar

Overcoming Challenges of a Warming Planet: Policies and Technologies to Enable Green Hydrogen

Donald Chahbazpour Oct. 7, 2021

Our Vision of a 2050 Energy Network

A deeply decarbonized gas & electric system is integrated & complementary



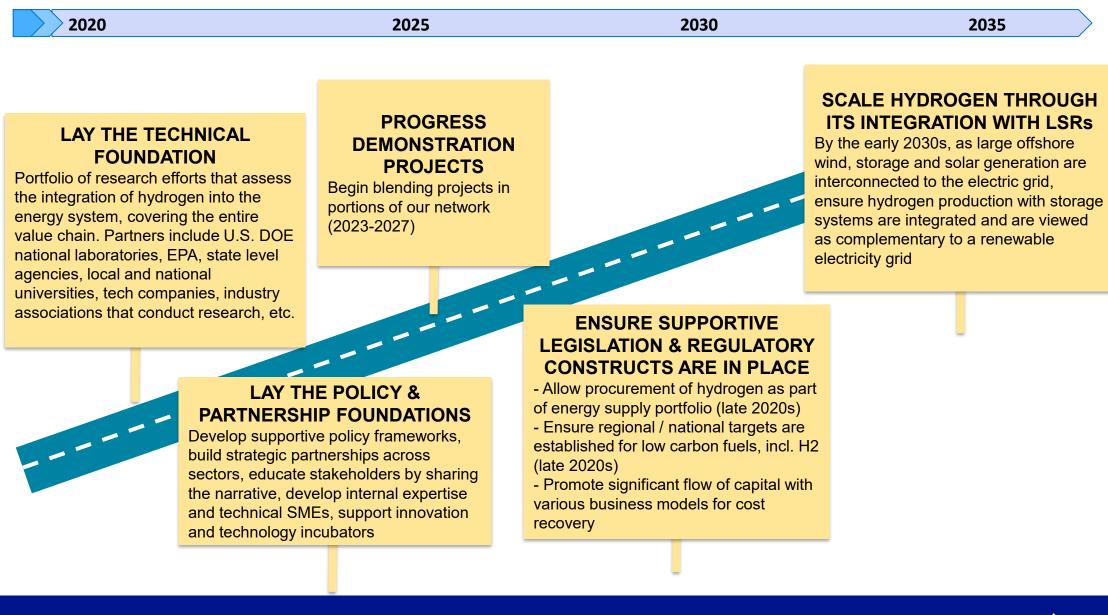
'Net Zero' Strategy for Heat

- Continue to **reduce fugitive methane emissions** through infrastructure modernization
- Ramp up energy efficiency aggressively -- focused on building envelop improvements
- Scale up renewable natural gas (RNG) from local and regional sources to displace fossil gas
- **Blend hydrogen** (H2) into gas networks ("no regrets" up to at least 20% over time) and lay the groundwork for high-H2 gas networks in the long run
- Deploy extensive **dual fuel heating** systems for gas customers i.e., heat pumps integrated with gas backup for the coldest days
- Build out geothermal networks, including as "non-pipe alternatives"

Hydrogen is a critical part of a portfolio of solutions to decarbonizing gas networks in the long run.

In addition to providing heat for buildings, hydrogen will also play a role in electricity generation, energy storage, industrial high temperature processes (e.g., melting steel) and transportation (e.g., marine and rail)

Roadmap to Hydrogen Blending



New York City Pathway Study – Gas Sector Results

Low carbon gas (biogenic RNG, synthetic RNG and hydrogen) is an important emissions reduction strategy for end uses that do not electrify across all pathways

